

Tour first step towards competition !!

CLASS - 11th (PCB / PCM)

2023-24

PRACTICE PAPER

GOAL-JEE

Time : 2.00 Hrs. Max. Marks : 400

INSTRUCTIONS

- b This paper has 100 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- 🖖 In this paper Question of Biology is from 71 to 100 which is only for PCB group and in same way Math from 71 to 100 for PCM group. You have to attempt only one segment as per your group.
- 🖖 The maximum marks for each question is 4.
- 🖖 1 mark will be deducted against each negative response from the total marks.
- 😓 Use of calculator, slide rule, graph paper & trigonometric tables is **NOT PE<u>RMITTED.</u>**

Name of the Candidate :

Class :

Roll No. :

Exam Centre :

GOAL TALENT SEARCH EXAM : 2023-24

[Time : 2.00 Hours]

Hours] CLASS : XI (PCB / PCM) Practice Paper

Full Marks : 400

01. If vector $\overrightarrow{A} = \cos \omega t \ \overrightarrow{i} + \sin \omega t \ \overrightarrow{j}$

and $\overrightarrow{B} = \cos \frac{\omega t}{2} \overrightarrow{i} + \sin \frac{\omega t}{2} \overrightarrow{j}$ are functions of time,

then the value of t at which they are orthogonal to each other is

(1)
$$t = \frac{\pi}{2\omega}$$
 (2) $t = \frac{\pi}{\omega}$ (3) $t = 0$ (4) $t = \frac{\pi}{4\omega}$

- 02. Which of the following quantities has the same dimensions as that of energy
 - (1) Power (2) Force
 - (3) Momentum (4) Work
- 03. A particle of unit mass undergoes onedimensional motion such that its velocity varies according to v(x) = bx⁻²ⁿ.

Where b and n are constants and x is the position of the particle. The acceleration of the particle as function of x, is given by

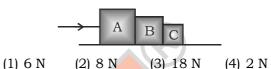
- (1) $-2nb^2x^{-4n-1}$ (2) $-2b^2x^{-2n+1}$
- (3) $-2nb^2e^{-4n+1}$ (4) $-2nb^2x^{-2n-1}$
- 04. A ball A is thrown up vertically with a speed u and at the same instant another ball B is released from a height h. At time t, the speed of A relative to B is
 - (1) u (2) 2u (3) u-gt (4) $\sqrt{(u^2 gt)}$
- 05. Two bodies of mass 10 kg and 5 kg moving in concentric orbits of radii R and r such that their periods are the same. Then the ratio between their centripetal acceleration is

(1) R/r (2) r/R (3)
$$R^2/r^2$$
 (4) r^2/R^2

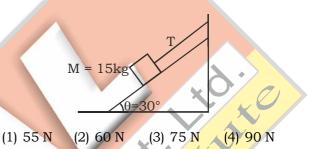
06. The horizontal range and the maximum height of a projectile are equal. The angle of projection of the projectile is :

(1)
$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$
 (2) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(4)$
(3) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(2)$ (4) $\theta = 45^{\circ}$

07. Three blocks A, B and C of masses 4 kg, 2 kg and 1 kg respectively, are in contact on a frictionless surface, as shown. If a force of 14 N is applied on the 4 kg block then the contact force between A and B is :

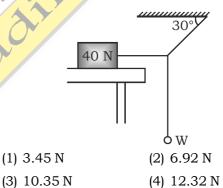


08. A block of mass 15 kg is held by a string on an inclined plane (angle 30°). The tension T in the string is $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$



- 09. A box is lying on the inclined plane. What is the coefficient of static friction if the box starts sliding when an angle of inclination is 60°?
 - (1) 1.173 (2) 1.732 (3) 2.732 (4) 1.677

10. In the figure given, the system is in equilibrium. What is the maximum value that W can have if the friction force on the 40 N block cannot exceed 12.0 N?



11. A particle moves in a straight line with retardation proportional to its displacement. Its loss of kinetic energy for any displacement x is proportional to

(1)
$$x^2$$
 (2) e^x (3) x (4) $\log_e x$

12. A body of mass m accelerates uniformly from rest to v_1 in time t_1 . As a function of time t, the instantaneous power delivered to the body is

$$(1) \ \frac{mv_1t}{t_1} \quad (2) \ \frac{mv_1^2t}{t_1} \quad (3) \ \frac{mv_1t^2}{t_1} \quad (4) \ \frac{mv_1^2t}{t_1^2}$$

Space For Rough Work

13. Let \vec{F} be the force acting on a particle having position vector r and τ be the torque of this

force about the origin. Then

- (1) $\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{\tau} = 0$ and $\mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{\tau} = 0$ (2) $\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{\tau} = 0$ and $\mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{\tau} \neq 0$ (3) $\overrightarrow{r \cdot \tau} \neq 0$ and $\overrightarrow{F \cdot \tau} = 0$
- (4) $\overrightarrow{r} \cdot \overrightarrow{\tau} \neq 0$ and $\overrightarrow{F} \cdot \overrightarrow{\tau} \neq 0$
- 14. A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t : (K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - (1) 7:10 (2) 5:7 (3) 10:7 (4) 2:5
- The change in the gravitational potential energy 15. when a body of mass m is raised to a height nR above the surface of the earth is (here R is the radius of the earth)

mgR

(1)
$$\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$$
mgR (2) $\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$

(3) nmgR

- A satellite of mass 'm' is revolving in circular 16. orbit of radius 'r' round the earth. Its angular momentum w.r.t. the centre of its orbit is (M = mass of earth, G = universal gravitational constant)
 - (1) $(GMmr)^{1/2}$
 - (2) $(GMm^2r)^{1/2}$ (4) $(GM^2m^2r)^{1/2}$ (3) $(GMm^2r^2)^{1/2}$
- 17. A metallic rod of length l and cross-sectional area A is made of a material of Young modulus Y. If the rod is elongated by an amount y, then the work done is proportional to

(1) y

18.

- (3) y (2) 1/y The surface tension of a liquid
- (1) increases with area
- (2) decreases with area
- (3) increases with temperature
- (4) decreases with temperature
- A body is floating in liquid with 50% of its volume 19. outside the liquid. When the entire system accelerates upwards with an acceleration g/3, the percentage of its volume outside the liquid is
 - (1) 33% (2) 50% (3) 25% (4) 66%

- 20. The coefficient of volume expansion of a liquid is 49×10^{-5} K⁻¹. Calculate the fractional change in its density when the temperature is raised by 30°C. (approximately)
 - (1) 7.5×10^{-2} (2) 3.0×10^{-2}
 - (3) 1.5×10^{-2} (4) 1.1×10^{-2}
- 21. An ideal gas is expanding such that PT^2 = constant. The coefficient of volume expansion of the gas is

(1)
$$\frac{1}{T}$$
 (2) $\frac{2}{T}$ (3) $\frac{3}{T}$ (4) $\frac{4}{T}$

22. If the degree of freedom of a gas are f, then the ratio of two specific heats C_P/C_V is given by

1)
$$\frac{2}{f} + 1$$
 (2) $1 - \frac{2}{f}$ (3) $1 + \frac{1}{f}$ (4) $1 - \frac{1}{f}$

- 23. Two mole of oxygen is mixed with eight mole of helium. The effective specific heat of the mixture at constant volume is
- (1) 1.3 R (2) 1.4 R (3) 1.7 R (4) 1.9 R 24. A monatomic gas ($\gamma = 5/3$) is suddenly compressed to $\frac{1}{8}$ of its original volume

adiabatically, then the pressure of the gas will change to

(2)

(

- (4) 32 times its initial pressure
- 25. A carnot engine takes 3 × 10⁶ cal of heat from a reservoir at 627°C, and gives it to a sink at 27°C. The work done by the engine is

(1) 4.2 × 10 ⁶ J	(2) 8.4 × 10 ⁶ J
(3) 16.8 × 10 ⁶ J	(4) Zero

- 26. Consider a compound slab consisting of two different materials having equal thickness and thermal conductivities K and 2K respectively. The equivalent thermal conductivity of the slab is
 - (2) 3 K (3) $\frac{4}{3}$ K (4) $\frac{2}{3}$ K (1) $\sqrt{2K}$
- 27.The amplitude of a particle executing S.H.M. with frequency of 60 Hz is 0.01 m. The maximum value of the acceleration of the particle is

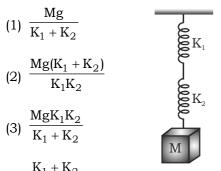
(1)
$$144 \pi^2 \text{m/s}^2$$
 (2) 144m/s^2

(3) $\frac{144}{\pi^2}$ m/s²

(4) $288 \pi^2 m/s^2$

Space For Rough Work

28. A mass M is suspended by two springs of force constants K_1 and K_2 respectively as shown in the diagram. The total elongation (stretch) of the two springs is



(4)
$$\frac{M_1 + M_2}{K_1 K_2 Mg}$$

29. A string vibrates according to the equation (2)

 $y = 5 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi x}{3}\right) \cos 20\pi t$, where x and y are in cm

and t in sec. The distance between two adjacent nodes is

- (1) 3 cm (2) 4.5 cm (3) 6 cm (4) 1.5 cm
- 30. If the velocity of sound in air is 340 m/s. Then the fundamental frequency of an open organ pipe of length 50 cm, will be

(1) 350 Hz (2) 340 Hz (3) 900 Hz (4) 750 Hz

- 31. 1 g-atom of nitrogen represents :
 - (1) $6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ N}_2 \text{ molecules}$
 - (2) 22.4 L of N_2 at S.T.P.
 - (3) 11.2 L of N₂ at S.T.P.
 - (4) 28 g of nitrogen
- 32. 0.078 grams of a hydrocarbon occupy 22.4 ml of volume at STP. The molecular formula of hydrocarbon is :

(2) C₆H₆ (4) C₄H₄

- (1) C_2H_2
- (3) C₈H₈
- 33. If r_o be the radius of first Bohr's orbit of H-atom, the de-Broglie's wavelength of an electron revolving in the third Bohr's orbit will be :

(1) $2\pi r_0$ (2) $4\pi r_0$ (3) $6\pi r_0$ (4) πr_0

34. Consider the following sets of quantum number

			-	
	n	1	m	S
(i)	3	0	0	+1/2
(ii)	2	2	1	+1/2
(iii)	4	3	-2	-1/2
(iv)	1	0	-1	-1/2
(v)	3	2	3	+1/2

Which of the following sets of quantum number is not possible ?

- (1) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- (2) (ii), (iv) and (v)
- (3) (i) and (iii)
- (4) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- 35. The ions which are arranged in correct order of increasing radii are :

(1) K^+ , Ca^{2+} , S^{2-} (2) Be^{2+} , Mg^{2+} , Na^+ (3) O^{2-} , F^- , N^{3-} (4) S^{2-} , O^{2-} , As^{3-}

36. The first ionisation enthalpies of Na, Mg, Al and Si are in the order :

(1) Na < Mg > Al < Si (2) Na > Mg > Al > Si

- (3) Na < Mg < Al < Si (4) Na > Mg > Al < Si
- 37. Among the following, the boiling point is high for :
 - (1) Ethyl alcohol(2) Dimethyl ether(3) Acetone(4) Chloroform
- 38. 8.2 L of an ideal gas weighs 9.0 g at 300 K and 1 atm. pressure. The molecular mass of the gas is :

(1) 9 (2) 27 (3) 54 (4) 81

39. 8.8 g of dry ice is added to an open container of volume 8.2 L at 27°C, the lid is closed immediately. What will be the final pressure in the container when CO_2 is vaporized?

- (1) 0.6 atm (2) 1.6 atm (3) 0.8 atm (4) 6.4 atm
- 0. The intensive property among these quantities is :
 - (1) Mass (2) Volume

(3) Enthalpy

(4) $\frac{Mass}{Volume}$

41. Standard enthalpy of vaporization ΔH^0 for water at 100°C is 40.66 kJ/mol⁻¹. The internal energy change of vaporization of water at 100°C (in kJ/mol⁻¹) is :

(1) 37.56 (2) -43.16 (3) +43.76 (4) +40.66

42. Which of the following is correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition ?

(1) $q = 0, \Delta T \neq 0, w = 0$ (2) $q \neq 0, \Delta T = 0, w = 0$

(3)
$$q = 0, \Delta T = 0, w = 0$$
 (4) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0, w \neq 0$

43. How many gram of NaOH must be present in one litre of the solution to give it a pH = 12 ?

(1) 0.20 g litre ^{-1}	(2) 0.4 g litre ^{-1}
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(3) 4.0 g litre ^{-1}	(4) 0.10 g litre ^{-1}
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Space For Rough Work

44. For the reaction,

 $2 \underset{(g)}{\text{NOBr}} \rightleftharpoons 2 \underset{(g)}{\text{NO}} + \underset{(g)}{\text{Br}_2}$

The ratio $\frac{K_p}{P}$, where P is the total pressure of

gases at equilibrium and $P_{Br_2} = \frac{P_{9}}{9}$ at a certain temperature is :

(1) 1/9	(2) 1/81

(3) 1/27 (4) 1/3

45. Following reaction is given

 $CH_3COCH_{3(g)} \rightleftharpoons CH_3 - CH_3 + CO_{(g)}$, initial pressure of CH_3COCH_3 is 100 mm of Hg. When equilibrium is set up, the mole fraction of $CO_{(g)}$ is 1/3, hence Kp is : (1) 10 mm (2) 50 mm

46. Which of the following salts has maximum solubility?

(1) HgS, $K_{sp} = 1.6 \times 10^{-54}$

- (2) $PbSO_4$, $K_{sp} = 1.3 \times 10^{-8}$
- (3) ZnS, $K_{sp} = 7.0 \times 10^{-26}$
- (4) AgCl, $K_{sp} = 1.7 \times 10^{-10}$
- 47. A solution has pH = 5. It is diluted 100 times. Then it will become :
 - (1) Neutral (2) Basic
 - (3) Less acidic (4) More acidic
- 48. Which one of the following is not a redox reaction?

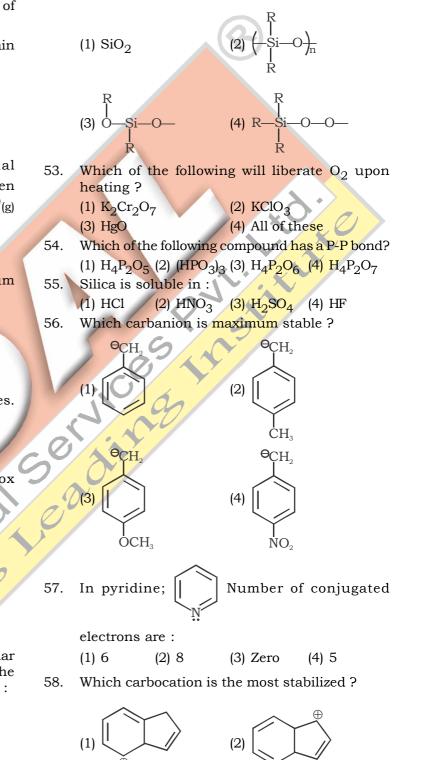
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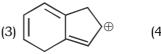
- (1) $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$
- (2) $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$
- (3) Na + H₂O \rightarrow NaOH + $\frac{1}{2}$ H₂
- (4) $\operatorname{MnCl}_3 \rightarrow \operatorname{MnCl}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Cl}_2$
- 49. Metal hydrides are ionic, covalent or molecular in nature. Among LiH, NaH, KH, RbH, CsH, the correct order of increasing ionic character is :
 - (1) LiH > NaH > CsH > KH > RbH
 - (2) LiH < NaH < KH < RbH < CsH
 - (3) RbH > CsH > NaH > KH > LiH
 - (4) NaH > CsH > RbH > LiH > KH
- 50. The least stable carbonate of alkali metal is :

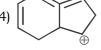
(1) Cs_2CO_3 (2) Na_2CO_3

(3) K_2CO_3 (4) Li_2CO_3

- 51. The solution which does not produce precipitate when treated with $\rm K_2CO_3$ is :
 - (1) BaCl_2 (2) CaBr_2
 - $(3) MgCl_2 \qquad (4) Na_2SO_4$
- 52. The repeating structural unit of silicone is :







Space For Rough Work

- 59. The IUPAC name of the given compound

 - (1) Octyl cyyclopentane

is :

- (2) 3-cyclopentyl octane
- (3) Cyclopentane octane
- (4) 6-cyclopentyl octane
- 60. The gases liberated at anode in the electrolysis of sodium acetate are :

(1) $CO_2 \& H_2$ (2) $C_2H_6 \& CO_2$ (3) $H_2 \& C_2H_6$ (4) $H_2 \& O_2$

- 61. If 'A × B' means 'A is the sister of B'; 'A + B' means 'A is the father of B; 'A – B' means 'A is the brother of B'; ${}^{'}A \div B'$ means 'A is the mother of B' and 'A = B' means 'A is the son of B'. What does $P + Q \div R - S \times T = U$ mean if U is male?
 - (1) P is the mother-in-law of U
 - (2) U is the son of P
 - (3) P is the father-in-law of U
 - (4) P and U are brothers
- Two students Ram and Shyam 10 m apart are 62. standing on a horizontal line. Both of them run the same distance towards North-East. They again travelled equal distance towards South. How far is Ram now from Shyam?

(2) $5\sqrt{2}$ m

- (1) $10\sqrt{2}$ m
- (3) 10 m

63.

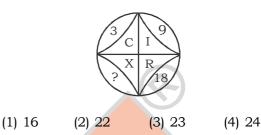
- (4) $20\sqrt{2}$ m The following question is based on the diagram
- given below.



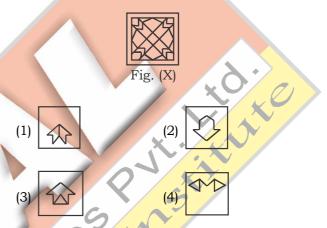
- (i) Rectangle represents males.
- (ii) Triangle represents educated people.
- (iii) Circle represents urban people.
- (iv) Square represents civil servants.

Who among the following is uneducated urban male who is not a civil servant?

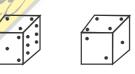
(2) 3 (1) 8(3) 11 (4) 12 64. Find the missing character from the given alternatives.



Select a figure from the options which is exactly 65. embedded in Fig. (X) as one of its part.



Here two positions of a dice are shown. If there 66. are four dots in the bottom, then how many dots will be on the top?



(3) 5

(4) 6

67. The missing character in the given number pattern is

(2) 3



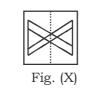
- (1) 64(2) 125 (3) 512 (4) 343
- 68. The relationship among the three words in the question can best be represented by one of the four diagrams given below. Choose the correct answer.

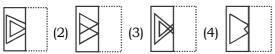
Nitrogen, Ice, Air



Space For Rough Work

69. A square transparent sheet with a pattern is given. Select the best answer, to how the pattern would appear when the transparent sheet is folded along the dotted line.





- 70. How many symbols are there in the given arrangement each of which is not immediately preceded by a digit but immediately followed by a letter?
 - $4 2 (a) + A P 5 > \div 6 < T M 4 L Z = 1 8$ 3 D * #

(1) None (2) One (3) Two (4) Three

THIS SEGMENT IS ONLY FOR PCB **GROUP STUDENTS**

71. Choose the incorrect option :

(1)

- (1) Asexual reproduction occurs in fungi, yeast, hydra, planaria, amoeba etc.
- (2) Solanum, Petunia & datura belongs to solanaceae family.
- (3) Panthera has Leo, Felidae & Pardus, three species
- (4) The higher the category, the least is the number of common character.
- 72. Taxonomy is the process of :
 - (1) Characterisation (2) Identification
 - (4) All of the above (3) Nomenclature
- (I) Somatostatin is the inhibitory hormones. 73.
 - (II) Oxytocin helps in milk ejection from mammary gland.
 - (III) Melatonin plays a very important role in the regulation of body rhythm.
 - (IV) Adrenaline & Nor-adrenaline are called catecholamines.
 - Choose the incorrect option for given statement
 - (1) IV is secreted by adrenal medulla
 - (2) III also influences metabolism
 - (3) II is secreted by posterior pituitary
 - (4) I is secreted by pituitary gland

- 74. Choose the correct pair.
 - (1) Slime moulds Gonyaulax
 - (2) Chrysophytes Trypanosoma
 - (3) Sac fungi Aspergillus

ssDNA

(4) Bacteriophage



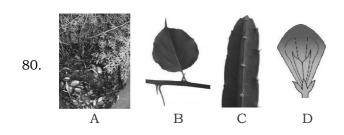
Choose the correct option for A, B, C & D.

- (1) A it contains three layers of neural cell
- (2) B it continues backward to form iris
- (3) C watery fluid present between cornea & lens
- (4) D Photoreceptor cells are not present in this reason.
- 76. Which one of the following statement is wrong? (1) Non-flagellated & anisogamous – spirogyra
 - (2) Natural system of classification Bentham & Hooker
 - (3) Dictyota & Ectocarpus Brown algae
 - (4) All of the above
- 77. Match the following :
 - (a) Spermatozoa
 - (i) store house calcium ion (ii) 8th, 9th & 10th ribs.
 - (b) Sarcoplasmic reticulum
 - (c) Vertebrochondral (iii) Flagellar movement ribs
 - (d) Saddle joint
- (iv)9th, 10th & 11th ribs (v) Between carpals &

of

- metacarpals of thumb
- (vi)Between the carpals
- (1) (a-iii), (b-i), (c-ii), (d-iv)
- (2) (a-iii), (b-i), (c-ii), (d-v)
- (3) (a-iii), (b-iv), (c-vi), (d-i)
- (4) (a-i), (b-iii), (c-ii), (d-v)
- 78. Which of the following component is not living?
 - (1) Xylem parenchyma
 - (2) Phloem fibres
 - (3) Companion cell
 - (4) Sieve tube

- 79. Which of the following is not found in sweat?
 - (1) Uric acid (2) Ammonia
 - (3) Acetic acid
- (4) All of the above



Choose the incorrect statement for given figure.

- (1) A is the modification of root for storage of food.
- (2) $\,B-is$ the modification of stem for protection.
- (3) C is the modification of stem
- (4) D Vexillary Aestivation
- 81. (I) Platelets are cell fragments produced magakaryotes.
 - (II) Fibrinogen is active form of protein
 - (III) Atrium & ventricles of heart are separated by Inter ventricular septum.
 - (IV) SA Node is present in right upper corner of right atrium.
 - (V) Hepatic portal vein carries blood from liver to intestine.

Which one of the following statement are correct?

(1) I & II (2) II & III (3) I & IV (4) IV & V

- 82. Choose the mismatch pair.
 - (1) Father of cytology Robert hook
 - (2) Nucleus discovered by Robert brown
 - (3) Ribosome George Mendle
 - (4) Chromatin Flemming
- 83. Oxygen dissociation curve shifts to right due to:

 $(2) \uparrow H^{+}$

(1) \uparrow CO₂

(3) ↓ PH

- 4) All of the above
- 84. Cholesterol has :
 - (1) 3 Hexagonal ring +1 pentagonal ring.
 - (2) 3 Hexagonal ring +2 pentagonal ring
 - (3) 2 Hexagonal ring +2 pentagonal ring
 - (4) 1 Hexagonal ring +3 pentagonal ring

85. Choose the incorrect option.

	Parts of Alimentary canal	Digestion	Absorption
(1)	Mouth	30 % Hydrolysis	Certain
(1)	Wouth	of starch	drugs
(0)	Stomach	Protein &	Water, simple
(2)	Stomach	some fat	sugar & fat
(2)	Small	Digestion	Principal organ
(3)	intestine	com ple te	for Absorption
	Lorgo	No significant	some water,
(4)	Large	digestive	minerals &
	mesune	activity	certain drugs

86. DNA replication & centriole duplication occurs in :

- (1) G₁ phase
 (3) G₂ phase
- (2) S-phase (4) G₀-phase

87. Choose the correct statement for cockroach.(1) It is unsegmented

- (2) 1st pairs of wings rises from metathorax
- (3) Labrum is a upper lip
- (4) All of the above
- 88. Which one of the following external factors is not affecting transpiration ?
 - (1) Temperature (2) Number of stomata
 - (3) Light (4) Wind speed
- 89. (I) Have bony endoskeleton with streamlined body.
 - (II) Skin is covered with cternoid scales
 - (III) Have four pair of gills which are covered by operculum on each side.
 - Given statement does not represent :
 - (1) Flying fish (2) Fighting fish
 - (3) Angle fish (4) Jelly fish
- 90. Match the following : Column I

Column II

- (a) Mg^{2+} (i) activates alcohol dehydrogenase
- (b) Fe^{2+} (ii) PEP carboxylase
- (c) Zn^{2+} (iii) activates catalase
- (1) (a-ii), (b-iii), (c-i) (2) (a-i), (b-ii), (c-iii)
- (3) (a-ii), (b-i), (c-iii) (4) (a-i), (b-iii), (c-ii)
- 91. Choose the incorrect pair for leaf pigment.
 - Chlorophyll 'a' bright or blue green Main pigment
 - (2) Chlorophyll 'b'-yellow green Main pigment
 - (3) Xanthophylls Yellow Accessory pigment
 - (4) Carotenoids Yellow to yellow orange

– Accessory pigment

92.	Which one is not a	a part of aerobic	respiration ?
-----	--------------------	-------------------	---------------

(1) Kreb's cycle

- (2) Alcoholic fermentation
- (3) Lactic Acid fermentation
- (4) Both (2) & (3)
- 93. (I) Affect plant growth & development.
 - (II) Antagonist to gibberellins.
 - (III) Plant growth inhibit & stimulates closure of stomata.

Given statement shows.

(1) ABA (2) IAA (3) IBA (4) NAA

- 94. Choose the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Phylogenetic classification is based of evolutionary sequence.
 - (2) Flower of canna is asymmetric
 - (3) Larva of echinodermata is radiall symmetrical
 - (4) None of the above
- 95. Which one of the following is living fossil?
 - (2) King crab (1) Limulus
 - (3) Ginkgo (4) All of the above
- 96. Which one is not an excretory organ?
 - (1) Kidney (2) Skin
 - (3) Stomach (4) Liver
- 97. Choose the correct pair.
 - (1) 1 June-Doctors day
 - (2) Philosophic Zoologique Lamarck
 - (3) Father of Biology Theophrastus
 - (4) Hepatology Blood
- National Botanical Research institute is locate 98. in :

(4) New Delhi

- (1) Kolkata (2) Lucknow
- (3) England
- 99. IC (Inspiratory capacity) is
 - (1) IRV + TV (2) TV + ERV
 - (4) TV + ERV + IRV (3) ERV + IRV
- 100. Pseudounipolar neuron is present in :
 - (1) Retina
 - (2) Cerebral cortex
 - (3) Dorsal root ganglion
 - (4) All of the above

THIS SEGMENT IS ONLY FOR PCM **GROUP STUDENTS**

	$x - \frac{x}{x - y} \le 2$ $x + y \le 2$	$\begin{array}{c} 3(0,2) \\ \hline 0 \\ y \end{array} \\ x \\ (2) \\ x + y > 2 \\ (4) \\ \text{None of these} \end{array}$
	x	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ A(2,0) \\ y \end{array} x \\ (2) x + y > 2 \end{array}$
	x E	0 A(2,0) x
	х ⁻ Е	0 A(2,0) x
	x´E	x
	х´———	x
	•	
		у
		owing linear inequalities satisfy on of the given figure
(1) C 77 Whi		(3) 2 (4) none
76. If α a valu	and β are im i.e of $\alpha^4 + \beta^4 + \beta^4$	aginary cube root of unity then + $\alpha^{-1} \beta^{-1}$ =
	none of these	
	-axis	
		entre (–1, 0) and radius 1 entre (1, 0) and radius 1
		= 1, then z lies on
75. If th	le complex r	number $z = x + iy$ satisfies the
(1) 2 (3) 2		(2) 22 (4) None of these
	sible by	
1	\in N, then	$7^{2n} + (2^{3n-3})(3^{n-1})$ is always
	a" – b"	
(3) -	$\frac{2ab}{a^2 - b^2}$	(4) None
		$(-)' a^2 + b^2$
(1) -	$\frac{ab}{a^2 + b^2}$	(2) $\frac{2ab}{2}$
		of $\sin(\alpha + \beta) = ?$
		α and β satisfies acosx + bsinx
(1)] (3) [:	2, 3] 2, 3]	(2) [2, 3] (4) none of these
		VJ X
72. The	domain of th	the function $f(x) = \frac{\sin^{-1}(x-3)}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}$ is
(3) S	$S \cup T \cup C = S$	(4) none of these
. ,		
cont	tained in a s	quare. Then
	-	side the circle. If the triangles tersect each other and are
of th	of points ins	bints inside the square, $T =$ the ide the triangle and $C =$ the set
	set of th and cont (1) S	set of points ins of the points in

Space F

78. If m parallel lines in plane are intersected by family of n parallel lines. The number of parallelogram is formed is

(1)
$$\frac{mn(m-1)(n-1)}{4}$$
 (2) $\frac{m(m-1)}{4}$
(3) $\frac{m(m-1)(n-1)}{4}$ (4) none of these

79. If in the expansion of $\left(\sqrt[3]{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)^n$, the ratio of the seventh term from the beginning to the seventh term from the end is equal to $\frac{1}{6}$, then n is equal to

n is equal to

- (1) 3 (2) 6
- (3) 9 (4) none of these
- 80. If a₁, a₂, a₃,a_n are n distinct odd numbers not divisible by any prime greater than 5. Then

 $\frac{1}{a_1} + \frac{1}{a_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_n} =$

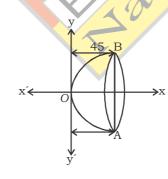
- $a_1 a_2 a_n$
- $(1) \le 1$ (2) < 1
- (3) < 2 (4) none of these
- 81. If two equations $ax^2 + 2xhy + by^2 = 0$ and $y^2 (m_1 + m_2) xy + m_1m_2x^2 = 0$ represents the same curve then $m_1 + m_2 =$
 - (1) $\frac{2h}{h}$

(3) $\frac{a}{b}$

(4) none of these

(4) none

- 82. The distance of the line 4x-y=0 from the point P(4, 1) measured along the line making an angle of 135° with positive x-axis is—
 - (1) 3 units (2) 2 units
 - (3) $3\sqrt{2}$ units
- 83. The focus of a parabolic mirror as shown in the fig. is at a distance of 5 cm from its vertex. If the mirror is 45 m deep then distance AB =



(1) 46 cm	(2) 64 cm
-----------	-----------

(3) 60 cm

(1) 0

(3) 2

- (4) none of these
- 84. If the eccentricity of the hyperbola $x^2 y^2 \sec^2\theta = 4$ is $\sqrt{3}$ times the eccentricity of the ellipse $x^2 \sec^2 \theta + y^2 = 16$, then the value of θ equals

(1)
$$\frac{\pi}{3}$$
 (2) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ (3) $\frac{4\pi}{5}$ (4) none

85. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & \text{when } x \text{ is rational} \\ 1-x, & \text{when } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$ and $\lim_{x \to a} f(x)$

exists, then number of possible values of a is-

(2) 1

(4) none of these

- 86. The negation of the statement "A circle is an ellipse" is—
 - (1) an ellipse is root a circle
 - (2) an ellipse is a circle
 - (3) a circle is not a ellipse
 - (4) none of these
- 87. Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be n observations and \overline{x} be their arithmetic mean. The formula for the standard deviation is given by

1)
$$\sqrt{\frac{\Sigma(\mathbf{x}_i - \overline{\mathbf{x}})^2}{n}}$$
 (2) $\sqrt{\frac{\Sigma(\mathbf{x}_i - \overline{\mathbf{x}})^2}{n^2}}$

- (3) $\Sigma(\mathbf{x}_i \overline{\mathbf{x}})^2$
- (4) None of these
- A coin is tossed three times.consider the following elements :
- A : No head appears
- B : Exactly one head appear
- C : At least two heads appear.

Then, which is/are true ?

- (1) A, B and C are exhaustive events
- (2) A, B and C are pair-wise disjoint
- (3) Both (1) and (2)
- (4) None of these

89. If $\frac{\cos A}{3} = \frac{\cos B}{4} = \frac{1}{5}, -\frac{\pi}{2} < A < 0, \frac{-\pi}{2} < B < 0$, then value of $2\sin A + 4\sin B$ is—

90. If $f(x) = \sin \left[\log \left(\frac{\sqrt{4 - x^2}}{1 - x} \right) \right]$ then the domain of f

is—

(1) $(-2, \infty)$ (2) (-2, 1)(3) [-2, 1] (4) (-2, -1)

Space For Rough Work

91. If Z is a complex number such that Z + |Z| = 8 + 12i, then the value of $|z^2|$ is equal to

(1) 228 (2) 144 (3) 121 (4) 169

92. The first term of an infinite G.P. is 1 and each term is twice the sum of the succeeding terms, then the sum of the series is

(1) 2 (2)
$$\frac{5}{2}$$
 (3) $\frac{7}{2}$ (4)

93. For different values of α , the locus of the point of intersection of the two straight lines $\sqrt{3x} - y - 4\sqrt{3}\alpha = 0$ and $\sqrt{3}\alpha x + \alpha y - 4\sqrt{3} = 0$ is

 $\frac{3}{2}$

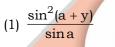
(1) a hyperbola with eccentricity $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$

(2) an ellipse with eccentricity $\frac{3}{4}$

(3) a hyperbola with eccentricity 2

(4) a hyperbola with eccentricity $\sqrt{\frac{19}{16}}$

- 94. The ratio in which zx-plane divides the line segment AB joining the points A(4, 2, 3) and (-2, 4, 5) is equal to
 - (1) 1 : 2 internally
 (2) 1 : 2 externally
 (3) -2 : 1
 (4) none of these
- 95. If siny = x sin(a + y), then find $\frac{c}{c}$



 $(2) \frac{\sin a}{\sin^2(y+a)}$ $(4) \frac{\sin^2(a-y)}{\sin a}$

(3) $\sin a. \sin^2(y - a)$ (4) $\frac{s}{2}$

96. Sum of coefficients of the last 6 terms in the expansion of $(1 + x)^{11}$ when the expansion is in ascending powers of x is :

- 97. Let a, b > 0 satisfy a³ + b³ = a b, then
 (1) a² + b² > 1
 (2) a² + b² < 0
 (3) a² + b² = 1
 (4) a² ab + b² < 1
- 98. If a variate takes values a, ar, ar².....arⁿ⁻¹, then which of the following relations between means hold ?

(1)
$$A-H = G^2$$

(2) $\frac{A+H}{2} = G$
(3) $A > G > H$
(4) $A = G = H$

- 99. If the centre, one of the foci and length of semi-major axis of an ellipse be (0, 0), (0, 3) and 5 respectively. Then its equation is—
 - (1) $\frac{x}{16} + \frac{y}{25} = 1$ (2)
- 100. $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x^n}{(\sin x)^m}, (m < n) \text{ is equal to}$

(1) 1 (2) 0 (3)
$$\frac{n}{m}$$
 (4) none

		CLA	WER SS - 1	11 (F	PCB	/ PC	<u>M)</u>			
1.				REAS . 61.		BI		MA		
1. 2.	(2) (4)	31. 32.	(3) (2)	61. 62.	(3) (3)	71. 72.	(3) (4)	71. 72.	(3) (3)	
3.	(1)	33.	(3)	63.	(4)	73.	(4)	73.	(2)	
4.	(1)	34.	(2)	64.	(4)	74.	(3)	74.	(3)	
5.	(1)	35.	(2)	65.	(2)	75.	(4)	75.	(1)	
6. -	(2)	36.	(1)	66.	(2)	76.	(1)	76.	(1)	
7.	(1)	37.	(1)	67.	(3)	77.	(2)	77.	(3)	
8. 9.	(3)	38. 39.	(2)	68. 69.	(4) (2)	78. 79.	(2)	78.	(1)	×0/
э. 10.	(2) (2)	40.	(2) (4)	70.	(2)	79. 80.	(4) (3)	79. 80.	(3) (3)	X
11.	(2) (1)	41.	(1)		(_)	81.	(3)	81.	(2)	
12.	(4)	42.	(3)			82.	(3)	82.	(3)	
13.	(1)	43.	(2)			83.	(4)	83.	(3)	1
14.	(2)	44.	(2)			84.	(1)	84.	(2)	
15.	(1)	45.	(2)			85.	(2)	85.	(2)	
16. 17.	(2)	46. 47.	(2)			86. 87.	(2)	86.	(3)	
18.	(3) (4)	48.	(3)			88.	(3) (2)	87. 88.	(1) (3)	
19.	(1)	49.	(2)			89.	(4)	89.	(3)	
20.	(3)	50.	(4)		5	90.	(1)	90.	(2)	
21.	(3)	51.	(4)		$\overline{\mathbf{a}}$	91.	(2)	91.	(4)	
22.	(1)	52.	(2)	C		92.	(4)	92.	(4)	
23.	(3)	53.	(4)			93.	(1)	93.	(3)	
24. 25.	(4)	54. 55.	(3)		7.00	94. 95	(3)	94. 05	(2)	
23. 26.	(2) (3)	55. 56.	(4) (4)			95. 96.	(4) (3)	95. 96.	(1) (4)	
27.	(1)	57.	(1)	Y		90. 97.	(2)	90. 97.	(4)	
	(2)	58.	(3)	2		98.	(2)	98.	(3)	
	(4)		(2)			99.	(1)	99.	(1)	
28. 29. 30.	(4) (2)	59. 60.	(2)			100.		100.	(2)	

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